

Bridport & District u3a Group Walks Risk Assessment (Form 1)

This form should be completed in advance of <u>all</u> planned walks. Following completion, it should be sent to each group member (preferably by email) for consideration in advance

of their participation. Confirmation that they have read the form and completed a Personal Checklist (Form 3) should be noted in Part 2 below, together with any reasonable, special considerations/measures that are deemed necessary for their involvement. Once fully completed, this form should be retained by the Group Leader for one year following the date of the walk.

Group Leader	Date of walk	
	Date of risk assessment	
	Date of recce	

Part 1

Possible hazards	Who might be harmed and how?	Ways to control the risk	Action taken? (click on the box to tick)
Transmission of COVID-19 through close contact /	Walkers, members of the public – risk of spreading COVID- 19	Plan the walk for a less busy time.	
meeting other people		Avoid particularly busy or narrow routes where physical distancing is not possible.	
		Give clear information about limiting the group size in line with government guidance.	
		Remind walkers beforehand about the guidelines, including on travel & transport.	
		Advise walkers at the start of the walk to maintain physical distancing, and what to do at any pinch points or road crossings – this is everyone's responsibility.	

		Carry a face covering in case of incidents.		
		Ensure you have a record of who attended the walk for contact tracing.		
Transmission of COVID-19 through touching gates, stiles, fences or equipment	Walkers, members of the public – risk of spreading COVID- 19	Avoid touching gates and path furniture, where possible.		
		Suggest walkers bring hand sanitiser.		
		Advise walkers not to share food, drink or equipment such as walking poles.		
Possible hazards	Who might be harmed and how?	Ways to control the risk		
(including extreme illr	Walkers – risk of illness and injury, risk of the group being stranded	Check the weather forecast and postpone/cancel if necessary. Advise walkers to bring suitable clothing and items for the conditions.		
		Make a note of 'escape routes' on the recce.		
Busy roads	Walkers – risk of vehicle collisions	Avoid routes along busy roads and/or check for suitable crossing places on the recce.		
Steep, slippery or muddy sections.	Walkers – risk of trips/slips	Check for muddy/slippery sections on the recce and adapt the route if necessary. Advise walkers to bring suitable footwear for the conditions.		
Livestock	Walkers – risk of injury	Cross fields with livestock calmly and quietly, keeping the group together. Be prepared to divert around livestock if necessary.		
	Risk of property damage if livestock escape	Follow the Countryside Code (England & Wales) and Access Code (Scotland). Leave gates and property as you find them.		
Cliffs or sheer drops Walkers – risk falls		Check paths are suitable for a group to use safely and make changes if necessary.		
		Follow any local warnings or signs, and advise walkers to keep away from the edge.		

(Please add more lines if needed)						
Part 2						
Please record the names of all participants who have confirmed that they have completed a Personal Checklist (Form 3), together with a note of any reasonable, special considerations deemed necessary for them to be involved:						
Signed Group Lo	ador					
Signed Group Le	auci.					
Date:						

How to carry out a risk assessment

This template is a tool to help you plan and lead walking safely. You must do a risk assessment for each walk.

- Use the template to assess whether your Ramblers group walk is safe to go ahead.
- We've included suggestions for the ways to control the risks **you do not need to tick every box.** The important thing is to identify the potential hazards and note the actions you will take to reduce the risk.
- It's important to carry out a risk assessment **before** the walk takes place. You should start filling it out when planning your walk, and update it with any extra hazards that you notice on your recce.
- Think about the different types of hazards and risks. We've included some common examples, but think carefully about your own walk in case anything needs adding.

Examples of other risks might include:

- o Flooded paths, after heavy rain
- Incoming tide for coastal routes
- Unexploded ordnance (if walking on a right of way across a military site)

This isn't an exhaustive list, so think carefully about any specific risks you may encounter on your walk.

- Next, consider the steps you can take to minimise the risk. Remember that this may sometimes mean changing your original plan. For example:
 - o I will recce the route again to check whether the paths are flooded, and plan an alternative if necessary
 - o I will check the local tide times and adjust the walk start time
 - o I will read the local warning signs on my recce and advise walkers about the risks in my welcome briefing